set of the signers are all in folio size, save that of Middleton, which is a quarto. Mr. Burns pronounces it "a fine collection." In 1857, it lacked only the autograph of Paca, which was soon after supplied. It numbers fifty-one A. L. S.; of the remaining five, Hart and Morton are A. D. S.; Hopkins, L. S.; Gwinnett, D. S., and Lynch, a single signature. The set has several 1776 letters, and is unbound, preserved in cases, and copiously illustrated with portraits and engravings, biographical and historical cuttings.

He has a set of the signers of the constitution, and of the generals of the Revolution; presidents and vice-presidents of the United States, from Washington to Buchanan inclusive, with the heads of departments, judges of the supreme court, and ministers to foreign courts; a set of the Protestant Episcopal bishops, from Seabury to Green; a set of English sovereigns from Henry VII, with two exceptions; and a set of the English premiers from 1754 to Lord Beaconsfield, with a single exception.

V.—Dr. John S. H. Fogg, Boston, Mass. Dr. Fogg was born in Eliot, York County, Maine, May 21, 1826, and commenced picking up autographs about the time of his graduation from college, in 1846, making quite a collection of old commissions, etc. He recommenced gathering autographs in 1858, and for a year or two collected quite a good number.

In 1873, he was prostrated by paralysis, and has ever since been confined to his room, a constant sufferer. Recovering somewhat from this attack, he turned his attention, in 1875, to forming a set of the signers, of which he already had a few specimens. He consummated the collection in 1881—a wonderfully short period for such a difficult accomplishment. Many of these specimens he has since very materially improved.

Mr. Burns declares it "really a fine set," which its composition proves. It is made up of fifty A. L. S.; Heyward, Middleton, L. S.; Hart, Morton, and Gwinnett, D. S.; and Lynch, a cut signature. It presents an unusually strong array of letters written during the Revolutionary period, numbering forty-two; of which eighteen were written in independence year, 1776—three in July, Witherspoon's the